

## GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION OF IMMIGRANTS

This map illustrates the distribution in states and geographical divisions of the 13,500,000 foreign born in the United States in 1910. It indicates clearly a marked tendency toward concentration in two of the divisions and in four of the states, with the result that virtually eighty-four out of every one hundred of all the immigrants are in the North Atlantic (Middle Atlantic and New England) and North Central (East and West) divisions, and nearly one-half of the total—fifty out of every one hundred—in the four states of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois. In all that vast section south of Pennsylvania and the Ohio River, Missouri, and Kansas and east of New Mexico to the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico are to be found the insignificant proportion of five out of every one hundred foreign born. The Mountain and Pacific divisions, comprising eleven states, have about ten out of every one hundred. The economic causes of this remarkable difference in the geographical distribution of our foreign-born population, the widely varying factors affecting the older as distinguished from the newer immigration, and other significant influences and tendencies, are discussed in the text.

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