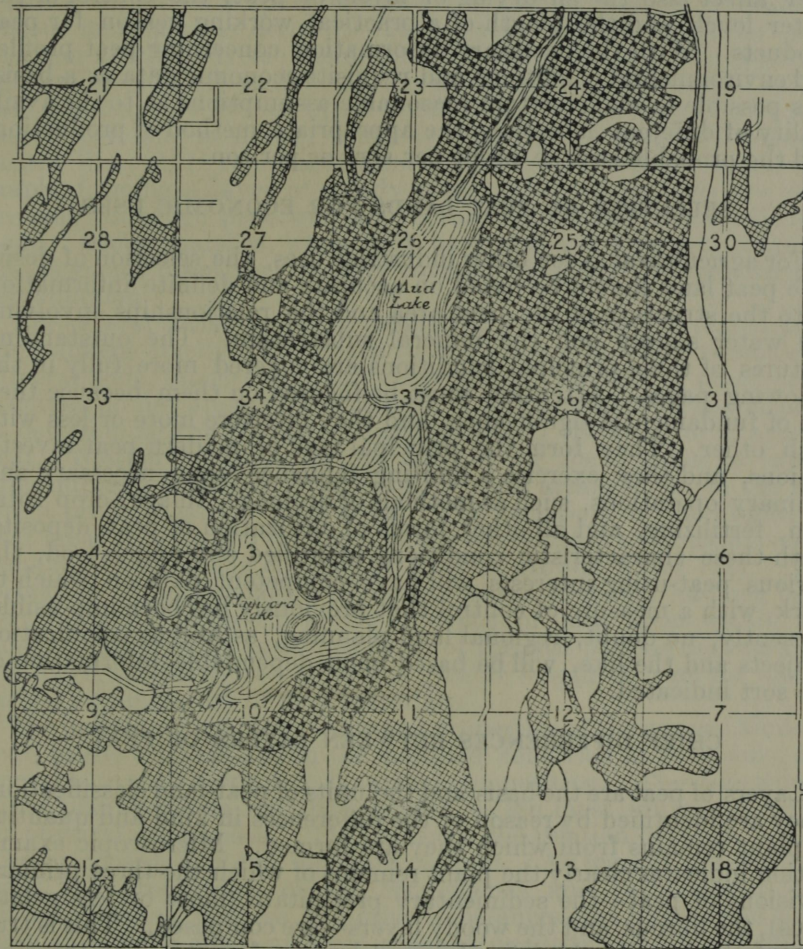


stage of disintegration. The variations are very numerous and constantly changing, particularly in drained peat lands the surface layers of which are under cultivation. For types of peat land in which soil-forming processes have become definitely established and horizons have appeared at different ranges of depth, the name of the locality






-  CARBONDALE PEAT - PROFILE 2-3
-  SPALDING PEAT - PROFILE 1-2-3
-  GREENWOOD PEAT - PROFILE 2

FIG. 3.—Specimen map of an area to show the distribution of types of peat land and the nomenclature employed to designate them. Each pattern represents a specific profile by which the characters of the peat area have been distinguished. (Courtesy of Michigan Land Economic Survey in cooperation with the Bureau of Plant Industry)

where these differences were first observed may be assigned to the index number of the type unit. A specimen map is given in Figure 3. Each pattern indicates the specific profile, shown in Plate 1, by which the character of the individual peat areas have been distinguished.