Complete statistics are lacking respecting the prices realized for the quantities caught by motor and rowing boats; but assuming them to have been the same as for the fish landed by the decked vessels, the value (excl. curing costs) is as follow:

			D	eck vessels	Open boats	Total
				1000 kr.	1000 kr.	1000 kr.
1923				15 780	6 956	22 736
				35 199	12 258	47 457
				29 785	10 163	39 948
1926				15 128	5 338	20 466
				20 322	6 855	27 177

THE PREPARATION AND SORTING OF FISH

Most of the fish is exported fully cured. The fully salted fish is washed and then dried in the open air (sun-dried). Of late, however, artificial curing has increased considerably, especially in the winter months, and a number of up-to-date fish-curing houses have been built in Reykjavík and elsewhere.

In 1910 a law (cp. also law of 1922) established compulsory sorting of all fish for export abroad. Under this law all fish cured for export and all salted fish (whether cured or not) which is to be sold in the Mediterranean markets, shall be sorted into standard grades by official fish sorters under the supervision of chief fish sorters, who, moreover, shall superintend the stowing of the fish in the hold. Every shipment of fish to the above mentioned markets must be furnished with a certificate written on the back of the B/L and signed by a chief fish sorter.

FISH-OIL

Up to 1900 shark-fishing was extensively carried on, and train-oil constituted the chief portion of the oil export. Since the beginning of the present century, however, the catching of sharks has been gradually declining, until 1927 when only one vessel was engaged in this pursuit. The quantities of fish-liver landed have been as follows:

	Cod-liver	Shark-liver	Total
1897-1900 average .	7 006 Hl.	16 982 Hl.	23 988 Hl.
1901-1905	10 683 -	13 070 -	23 753 -
1906-1910	17 152 -	10 096 -	27 248 —
1911-1915	26 108 -	4 818 -	30 926 -
1916-1920	34 179 -	5 180 -	39 359 -
1921-1925	84 282 -	1 164 -	85 446 -
1926	80 716 -	563 —	81 279 -
1927 ,		126 —	132 598 —